

2013 Virginia State Fair Premier Sheep Exhibitor Exam
Junior

1. If your sheep has a pulse of 50 it is _____.
 - a. Too high
 - b. Too low
 - c. Normal
 - d. None of the above
2. The disease, in which we can vaccinate for; that is chiefly caused by a wound infection with signs of stiffness of the head and trouble swallowing is _____.
 - a. Polio
 - b. Scrapie
 - c. Rabies
 - d. Tetanus
3. Allowing lambs to have extra feed but not the ewes is called _____.
 - a. Creep feeding
 - b. Backgrounding
 - c. Finishing
 - d. Flushing
4. The period of production of a ewe when she is in the act of giving birth to her lamb(s) is called _____.
 - a. Gestation
 - b. Lactation
 - c. Maintenance
 - d. Parturition
5. The fungal disease in sheep that can be transmitted to humans is called _____.
 - a. Ricketts
 - b. Scrapie
 - c. Club Lamb Fungus
 - d. Tetanus
6. Injections given under the skin are _____.
 - a. Intramuscular
 - b. Sublingual
 - c. Intranasal
 - d. Subcutaneous
7. Which part of the carcass produces the highest price (%/lb) retail cuts?
 - a. Breast
 - b. Leg
 - c. Loin
 - d. Shoulder
8. The withdrawal period on a vaccine is 21 days. What does this mean?
 - a. 21 days until you can revaccinate
 - b. 21 days until you can reintroduce to the flock
 - c. 21 days until you can feed grass
 - d. 21 days until you can slaughter
9. Name the machine that can determine backfat and loineye area of a live animal.
 - a. Ultrasound
 - b. GPS
 - c. Infrared
 - d. Spectrograph
10. In addition to meat and wool what are some other products from sheep that are utilized to help people?
 - a. Pelts
 - b. Certain types of cheese
 - c. Lanolin
 - d. All of the above

11. Wool is flame resistant.
a. True b. False
12. Which yield grade would be associated with a very fat lamb carcass?
a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
13. If your market lamb weighed 60 pounds when you started feeding it for a show in 90 days and it weighed 120 pounds on the show date. What is the Average Daily Gain?
a. 0.25 pound b. 0.48 pound c. 0.67 pound d. 0.89 pound
14. The average productive life of a sheep is _____ years.
a. 5-7
b. 10-12
c. 14-16
d. None of the above
15. Flushing ewes is a nutritional management practice which will _____.
a. Increase ewe body condition
b. Increase the number of eggs ovulated
c. Both a and b
d. Neither a or b
16. Which of the traits of fleece are important to determine wool quality?
a. Length
b. Grade
c. Cleanliness
d. All of the above
17. Which gauge needle is the largest you should use when giving injectable medications to your sheep?
a. 10 b. 12 c. 14 d. 16
18. Corn compared to Alfalfa Hay has _____.
a. More protein
b. More energy
c. More fiber
d. All of the above
19. At what age in years is a ewe most likely to give birth to twins?
a. 1 b. 4 c. 8 d. 10
20. The proper location to give a sheep an injection is the _____.
a. Leg
b. Loin
c. Neck
d. Hindsaddle