

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Contestant Number: \_\_\_\_\_

## Block and Bridle Hippology Contest 2024

### Jr. Exam

1. Which term describes a convex profile of the head? (HS 345-5)
  - A. Roman Nose
  - B. Ewe Nose
  - C. Parrot Mouth
  - D. Monkey Mouth
2. What does the term "flaxen" refer to? (HS 105-1)
  - A. A type of grain
  - B. A horse without muscle tone or quality
  - C. A horse with blond/light hairs in the mane or tail
  - D. A type of jump
3. Which gait is a 4 beat gait performed by a 5-gaited Saddlebred? (HH 40)
  - A. Pace
  - B. Paso largo
  - C. Canter
  - D. Rack
4. Which term is used to describe the offspring that results from crossing a male donkey and a female horse? (ES 21)
  - A. Jack
  - B. Mule
  - C. Colt
  - D. Burro
5. Which conformation defect is present when hocks are set close together and toes are set wide apart? (HH 9)
  - A. Sickie hocks
  - B. Bog spavin
  - C. Pigeon toes
  - D. Cow hocks
6. Horses, donkeys, dogs, and cats are all members of which zoological classification category? (ES 15)
  - A. Equus
  - B. Equus caballus
  - C. Equidae
  - D. Mammalia

7. What is the ideal angle of the hoof? (HH 50)
- A. 30°
  - B. 45°
  - C. 50°
  - D. 90°
8. During which class would a rider need to “dally?” (HS 170-5)
- A. Roping
  - B. Barrel racing
  - C. Western pleasure
  - D. Reining
9. How many gaskins does a horse have? (HH 8)
- A. 1
  - B. 2
  - C. 3
  - D. 4
10. This vitamin is needed for production of factors that support the clotting of blood. (ES 125)
- A. K
  - B. D
  - C. E
  - D. A
11. Mechanical breakdown of mastication begins the breakdown of food in this location. (ES 109)
- A. Esophagus
  - B. Rectum
  - C. Intestine
  - D. Mouth
12. This disease can be either acute or chronic and can often be caused by excessive carbohydrate intake or repeated concussion on a hard surface. Symptoms of this illness include feet that are hot to the touch, lameness, and a horse that may lie down unexpectedly. (ES 182)
- A. West Nile Virus
  - B. Heaves
  - C. Rabies
  - D. Laminitis
13. The average pulse (beats/min) for the adult horse is? (ES 155)
- A. 100±1
  - B. 40±5
  - C. 80±5
  - D. 12±4

14. During which class would a horse be shown in a halter? (HH 44)
- A. Hunter hack
  - B. Hunter showmanship
  - C. Western showmanship
  - D. Hunter-in-hand
15. Amino acids make up \_\_\_\_\_. (HS 33)
- A. Carbohydrates
  - B. Minerals
  - C. Lipids
  - D. Proteins
16. Which part of the horse is affected by thrush? (HH 47)
- A. Hooves
  - B. Lungs
  - C. Digestive tract
  - D. Hair
17. Which color horse is yellow with no black points? They generally have pale manes and tails that are lighter than their body. (ES 43)
- A. Buckskin
  - B. Bay
  - C. Chestnut
  - D. Palomino
18. Which breed is considered a "cold-blood"? (ES 24)
- A. Arabian
  - B. Belgian
  - C. Quarter horse
  - D. None of the above
19. What term is used to describe a female foal from birth to Jan.1 of the year she turns 4? (ES 23)
- A. Colt
  - B. Filly
  - C. Gelding
  - D. Stallion
20. What percentage of a horse's total body weight is made of water? (ES 115)
- A. 35%
  - B. 70%
  - C. 85%
  - D. 100%

21. How many beats are in the trot? (ES 79)
- A. 1
  - B. 2
  - C. 3
  - D. 4
22. Where is the scapula located? (ES 206)
- A. Croup
  - B. Chest
  - C. Shoulder
  - D. Lower leg
23. Which term describes a bitless bridle? (HS 155-5)
- A. Riata
  - B. Fiadore
  - C. Caballero
  - D. Hackamore
24. This is a two beat, diagonal gait. (ES 72)
- A. Walk
  - B. Trot
  - C. Pace
  - D. Gallop
25. Which of the following is NOT a blind spot for the horse? (ES 59)
- A. Front of the Head
  - B. Under the Head
  - C. Beside the Horse
  - D. Behind the Horse
26. Team roping is a division where two riders work together to rope a steer. What are the correct terms for these two riders? (HS 170-5)
- A. Lead and Follow
  - B. Catcher and Clown
  - C. Driver and Wrangler
  - D. Header and Heeler
27. Broadly speaking, bits can be classified as either direct action or leverage. Which of the following is considered a leverage bit? (HS 155-6)
- A. D-ring mullen mouth
  - B. Loose ring snaffle
  - C. Curb
  - D. Eggbutt french link

28. Which breed is registered by the Jockey Club? (HS 175-3)
- A. Saddlebred
  - B. Standardbred
  - C. Thoroughbred
  - D. Quarter Horse
29. Which of the following is a fiber source that is easily digestible and doesn't require much chewing, making it ideal for older horses with bad teeth? (HS 410-3)
- A. Soybean meal
  - B. Beet pulp
  - C. Alfalfa
  - D. Orchardgrass
30. Which vitamin is commonly called the Sunshine Vitamin? (HS 430-11)
- A. A
  - B. B
  - C. C
  - D. D
31. Which breed is most easily recognized by its finely chiseled head, long arching neck, and dished face? (HS 115-1)
- A. Arabian
  - B. Barb
  - C. Clydesdale
  - D. Danish warmblood
32. Which of the following can be added to stabilize horseshoes on the hoof and take the stress off nail holes? (HS 230-7)
- A. Studs
  - B. Clips
  - C. Rims
  - D. Pads
33. Which of the following is NOT considered a natural aid? (HH 20)
- A. Hand
  - B. Voice
  - C. Weight
  - D. Crop
34. Which part of the horse is located between the elbow and the knee? (HH 8)
- A. Forearm
  - B. Cannon
  - C. Shoulder
  - D. Gaskin

35. Which parasite causes mange? (ES 187)
- A. Ticks
  - B. Ringworm
  - C. Mites
  - D. Flies
36. Where did the Brumby originate? (HS 130-3)
- A. Asia
  - B. Australia
  - C. Europe
  - D. South America
37. How many beats are in the gallop? (HH 17)
- A. 1
  - B. 2
  - C. 3
  - D. 4
38. Which parasite lays its small, yellowish eggs on the legs, chest, and nostrils of a horse? (ES 188)
- A. Bot
  - B. Tick
  - C. Habronema
  - D. Ringworm
39. A horse with excessively small eyes is considered to have which defect? (HH 11)
- A. Moon blindness
  - B. Conjunctivitis
  - C. Pig eye
  - D. Pin eye
40. Horses descended from the sire Impressive may be affected by a genetic disease which causes muscle weakness and tremors . This genetic disease affects quarter horses, who are tested by genetic test at birth. What is the name of this disease? (HS 430-6)
- A. Severe Combined Immunodeficiency
  - B. Botulism
  - C. Hemophilia
  - D. HYPP
41. A "sulky" would be used in which type of race? (HS 175-1)
- A. Steeplechase
  - B. Harness
  - C. Stakes
  - D. Barrel

42. What is another name for the carpal joint? (HS 345-2)
- A. Knee
  - B. Hock
  - C. Elbow
  - D. Fetlock
43. This class is considered an “intro to over fences” and the english horse and rider combination are judged based on a simple over fences course and a flat phase. (HS 190-5)
- A. 5-gaited Show Hack
  - B. Hunter Hack
  - C. Reining
  - D. Hunter Pleasure
44. This disease of the skin is caused by a fungus and can cause hair loss in a circular pattern? (HS 355-8)
- A. Carcinoma
  - B. Colic
  - C. Ringworm
  - D. Tetanus
45. Zoonotic diseases can be passed from horses to humans, and so require extra caution to treat and diagnose. Which of these diseases is zoonotic? (HS 365-10)
- A. Strangles
  - B. Potomac Horse Fever
  - C. Aniridia
  - D. Rabies
46. Which of the following is considered a “primitive marking”? (ES-38)
- A. Snip
  - B. Blaze
  - C. Stocking
  - D. Dorsal stripe
47. What colors are a piebald horse? (ES 47)
- A. Brown and white
  - B. Black and white
  - C. Red and white
  - D. Tan and white
48. Which of the following is an external parasite? (ES-190)
- A. Strongyle
  - B. Ascarid
  - C. Tick
  - D. Threadworms

49. Horses without enough angle in their hocks are considered “post legged.” What is the opposite of this condition? (HS 345-5)

- A. Sway legged
- B. Sickie hocked
- C. Capped hock
- D. Base wide

50. What is another name for a horse with little to no training? (HH 40)

- A. Blue
- B. Red
- C. Green
- D. Brown