2006 Eastern National 4-H Horse Bowl
Round One

One-On-One

1 C1  Q. At what age do the permanent 3rd or corner incisors erupt?
   A. 4 1/2 years
   S. HIH 240-1  430/2

2 C2  Q. Night eyes are a common name for what structure on the horse?
   A. Chestnuts
   S. Kainer plate 4  460/2

3 C3  Q. White markings covering the area from the coronet band to the area below the fetlock would be called what?
   A. Pastern
   S. Evans pg 83, HIH 140-2  310/1

4 C4  Q. What type of leg interference can brushing and striking be classified as?
   A. Supporting
   S. Evans pg 179  600/2
2006 Eastern National 4-H Horse Bowl
Round One

5 C1  Q. Osselets is the term for an inflammation of the periosteum on the anterior surface of what joint?
   A. Fetlock
   S. Evans pg 161, Lewis pg 398  810/2

6 C2  Q. The sole of the hoof is flatter on which pair of feet – front or rear?
   A. Front
   S. YLM – 321-2  410/2

7 C3  Q. Are most poisonous plants “more” or “less” toxic as the plant matures?
   A. Less toxic
   S. Lewis pg. 303-3698  770/3

8 C4  Q. What feed additive is commonly used to reduce dust and increase palatability of a feed?
   A. Molasses
   S. HIH 760-7  700/2
2006 Eastern National 4-H Horse Bowl
Round One

9 C1 Q. What category of muscle is found in all of the following systems – Digestive, respiratory, circulatory, integument and urogenital

A. Smooth muscle
S. HIH 840-1 410/3

10 C2 Q. Standing in urine and wet manure will cause a breakdown of the waxy-like waterproof covering of the hoof. What is the proper name for this covering?

A. Periople
S. Lewis pg 178 415/3

11 C3 Q. What is the proper name for the joint located between the femur and the tibia?

A. Stifle
S. Evans pg 91 410/2

12 C4 Q. Parrot mouth or overshot jaw is a conformation defect involving what bone?

A. Mandible
S. Evans pg 144 620/2

End One-On-One
2006 Eastern National 4-H Horse Bowl  
Round One

Begin Open Questions

13 Q.  How did the land bridges which formed during the Ice Age affect 
the history of Equus?

A. They allowed Equus to migrate from North America throughout 
the rest of the world.

S. Evans pg 4 100/3

14 Q.  What is the common name of the bacterial disease of younger 
horses that affects the salivary glands and lymph nodes in the 
submandibular and retropharyngeal area?

A. Strangles, equine distemper, shipping fever

S. Evans pg 96 850/2

Toss Up – Bonus Attached

15 Q.  (Two part) What two things are found in the sensitive laminae of 
the hoof that cause it to be called sensitive?

A. Nerves and blood vessels.

S. HIH 505-2 415/3

Bonus Question

16 Q.  (Bonus question) From proximal to distal name the three joints of 
the horses legs that are common to all four legs.

A. Fetlock, pastern and coffin

S. Evans pg 98 400/2
Resume Open Questions

17 Q. Horses are at greatest risk for plant poisoning under what environmental conditions?
   A. When pastures are overgrazed and noxious weeds are able to proliferate, often due to poor pasture management or drought.
   S. Lewis pg 301 770/3

18 Q. What structure of the hoof am I? I am arched in shape, I provide some weight support, I flatten slightly to help absorb concussion, but my primary function is protection.
   A. The sole of the hoof
   S. HIH 505-2, 4 415/2

19 Q. How many pounds of manure does a 1000 pound horse produce per day?
   A. 45 – 50 pounds
   S. HIH 360-2 920/2

Toss Up – Bonus Attached

20 Q. (Two Part) When considering vision, where are the horse’s two blind spots?
   A. Directly to the rear, behind its hindquarters
   Directly below the head, or directly in front
   S. HIH 1220-1 420/2
2006 Eastern National 4-H Horse Bowl
Round One

Bonus

21  Q.  (Bonus question) There are four types of hock Spavin. Name them.

   A.  Blind/Occult  Blood spavin
       Bog spavin  Bone/True/Jack spavin

   S.  Lewis pg 404  810/3

Resume Open Questions

22  Q.  What breed is being described – this draft breed is a descendant of the medieval charger breed, its color is all shades of chestnut, and it originated in Suffolk County, England.

   A.  Suffolk Punch

   S.  DET pg 259  200/2

23  Q.  Thoroughpin is a soft, fluid-filled enlargement of the outside of the joint that can be pushed freely from the outside to the inside surface of the joint by palpation. What joint is it found in?

   A.  The hock

   S.  Evans pg 165, Lewis pg 406  640/3

24  Q.  In case of an emergency what two pieces of equipment should be outside every horse’s stall?

   A.  Halter and lead

   S.  Evans pg 822  900/2
2006 Eastern National 4-H Horse Bowl
Round One

25  Q. Orphan foals have a very high dietary energy requirement and should be fed how often during the first 1 – 2 weeks of life?
   A. Every 2 to 4 hours
   S. Kainer plate 69, Lewis pg 275  500/3

Toss Up – Bonus Attached

26  Q. (Two part) The bones and the teeth contain the majority of what two minerals found in the horses body?
   A. Calcium and phosphorus
   S. Lewis pg 20  750/2

Bonus

27  Q. (Bonus question) Name four different types of grass forage
   A. Bermuda Grass  Reed Grass  Wheat Grasses
      Canary (reed) Grass  Bluegrass  Digit Grasses
      Sudan Grass  Brome Grass  Redtop
      Tall Fescue  Orchard Grass  Bahia Grasses
      Timothy  Rye Grass  Johnson Grass
      Sorghum  Sudex  Millet
   S. YLM 102-1, Lewis pg 109-110  780/3

Resume Open Questions

28  Q. What color hair mixes with white hairs in a strawberry roan?
   A. Chestnut
   S. Evans pg 81  300/2
2006 Eastern National 4-H Horse Bowl
Round One

29  Q. Thrush is a black, strong smelling infection of the hoof that causes destruction of the frog. Is it caused by aerobic or anaerobic bacteria?
   A. Anaerobic bacteria
   S. YLM 334-1 815/2

30  Q. A horse’s body fat can be estimated using what method of evaluation?
   A. Body condition scoring
   S. HIH 720-3 710/2

31  Q. When driving a horseshoe nail, the nail is started with the flat of the nail oriented in what direction?
   A. The flat side is oriented to the outside.
   S. Evans pg 745 900/3

Last Question of the Round

32  Q. How old would a horse be with all adult teeth present and Galvayne’s groove beginning to show at the gum margin of the upper corner incisor?
   A. 10 years old (accept range of 9 to 10 years old-DET pg 117)
   S. YLM 205-2, HIH 240-4, DET pg 117 430/3