# One-On-One

1. C1	Q.	Q. What is an acquired physical defect that does not interfere horse's usefulness, but it may diminish its value?		
	A.	A blemish		
	S.	Evans 157, Lewis 382	620/1	
2. C2	Q.	Insulin controls glucose levels in the horse's body. Where is it produced?		
	A.	Pancreas		
	S.	Evans 127	490/2	
3. C3	Q.	What organ is responsible for the production of estrogen and progesterone?		
	A.	The ovaries		
	S.	HIH 910-4	510/1	
4. C4	Q.	What is the common term for a horse whose toes point inward towards each other?		
	A.	Pigeon-toed Toed-in		
	S.	DET 212	600/1	

5. C1	Q.	The 1st phalanx is just below what long bone?		
	A.	Cannon Bone (Metacarpal III)		
	S.	Kainer plate 6	400/3	
6. C2 Q. How old is a horse where all of the permanent and the horse has what is termed a full mouth?				
	A.	5 to 6 years old (accept anything in that r	ange)	
	S.	YLM 205-2, DET 115	430/3	
7. C3 Q. All of the horse's physiological senses are important of what is considered to be the most important of responding to cues in training?				
	A.	Touch		
	S.	HIH 1220	910/3	
8. C4	Q.	Horses have good hearing. What do they do with their ears to help localize the source of the sounds they detect?		
	A.	Horses will turn their ears toward the direction of the sound		
	S.	Evans 121	420/2	

9. C1	Q.	The blood leaving the right ventricle of the heart by the pulmonary arteries flows into what organ?		
	A.	Lungs		
	S.	Kainer plate 57	440/2	
10. C2	Q.	Name a two-beat diagonal gait.		
	A.	Trot Rein-back (Pace is incorrect – is not a diagonal gait)		
	S.	Evans 173	640/1	
11. C3	Q. At what age of the horse do the permanent 1 <sup>st</sup> or central incierupt?		nt 1 <sup>st</sup> or central incisors	
	A.	2½ years		
	S.	HIH 240-1, Kainer plate 49	430/2	
12. C4	Q.	What part of the bridle keeps the crown piece from sliding down the horse's neck?		
	A.	Brow band		
	S.	HIH 1100-6	1000/3	

# **End One-On-One**

### **Begin Open Questions**

- 13. Q. What breed is being described? The head is short and broad with large eyes and short, foxy ears. The muscling is short, compact and powerful, which gives it the ability to gain speed quickly. The disposition is calm.
  - A. Quarter horse

S. HIH 153-1

200/2

- 14. Q. In horseshoeing, what is the name that describes the most commonly used manufactured or preformed shoes?
  - A. Keg Shoes

S. DET 160

900/2

### **Toss Up – Bonus Attached**

- 15. Q. The gaskin is located between which two joints of the horse's rear leg?
  - A. Stifle and hock (tarsus) do not accept knee for stifle
  - S. HIH 220-3

400/2

### **Bonus Question**

- 16. Q. Terms for gaits are sometimes synonymous. Give the other name for each of the following gaits: jog, canter, stepping pace and single foot.
  - A. Jog trotCanter lopeStepping pace slow gaitSingle foot rack
  - S. Evans 172, 178, Lewis 390

### **Resume Open Questions**

17.	Q.	What is the	foundation	of any	horse ration?

- A. Good quality forage
- S. HIH 750-1

700/1

# 18. Q. An adult male horse with no wolf teeth would have how many total teeth?

- A. 40 teeth (also accept 38 sometimes only one set of canines present Lewis 177)
- S. Kainer plate 48, HIH 240-3

430/1

- 19. Q. Gooseneck type trailer hitches and bumper-pull trailer hitches should be attached to what part of your vehicle?
  - A. Frame of your truck or tow vehicle
  - S. YLM 301-1L

960/2

## **Toss Up – Bonus Attached**

- 20. Q. What are the three basic parts of a bridle?
  - A. Headstall, bit, and reins
  - S. HIH 1100-6

### **Bonus Question**

21. Q. Give three advantages of castration.

A. Can keep several geldings in one paddock

Geldings are easier to care for Easier to transport Can keep in pasture w/mares

Geldings less prone to injury Safer for Novice horsemen Prevents accidental pregnancy

S. Evans 385

520/2

#### **Resume Open Questions**

- 22. Q. Identify the breed from the following description: This breed was essential in the development of the Standardbred, American Saddlebred, and Quarter Horse breeds. The U.S. Department of Agriculture had a farm in Middlebury, Vermont that was used to preserve and improve this breed. The horse is known for its all-purpose ability on the farm or in the show ring, and is the only breed named after a single horse.
  - A. Morgan

S. Evans 36

200/2

- 23. Q. You are looking at two egg butt snaffle bits that are identical except for the diameter of the mouthpiece. How would the thickness of the mouth piece affect the severity of the bits?
  - A. The smaller the diameter of the mouth piece the more severe the bit
  - S. HIH 1100-8

1000/3

- 24. Q. Identify the horse color from the following description. Body color yellowish or gold; mane and tail may be black, brown, red, yellow, white or mixed; usually has zebra stripes on legs, a transverse stripe over the withers and a dorsal stripe.
  - A. Dun (Buckskins do not have dorsal stripes)
  - S. HIH 140-1, DET 42, 86

- 25. Q. In packing a Decker saddle, what is the name of the piece of canvas used to throw over the load as a protective cover?
  - A. Manta

S. HIH 1125-3

1020/3

### **Toss Up – Bonus Attached**

- 26. Q. The horse's small colon lies in between and adjacent to what two parts of the digestive system?
  - A. The large colon (transverse colon) and the rectum (Do not accept ascending colon)
     (DET 249 is anatomically wrong the small colon does not lie next to the cecum)
  - S. Kainer plate 52, HIH 710-2

430/2

### **Bonus Question**

- Q. Identify the country of origin for the following breeds Bashkir Curly, Haflinger, Hanoverian and the Exmoor?
  - A. Bashkir curly Russia (do not accept U.S. see DET 8 ref)
     Haflinger Austria
     Hanoverian Germany
     Exmoor England
  - S. HIH 169-1, Evans 43, 74, DET 8, 25 200/3

### **Resume Open Questions**

- 28. Q. What is the common negative behavioral consequence for failing to provide your horse with adequate roughage?
  - A. Your horse will develop vices such as chewing wood and eating bedding.
  - S. HIH 710-5

29.	Q.	What is the term used for the condition where the sensitive and insensitive laminae separates at the white line at the toe?		
	A.	Seedy toe		
	S.	Lewis 402	815/3	
30.	O. Q. The bones that make up the spinal column are classified as of bone?		are classified as what type	
	A.	Irregular bones		
	S.	Evans 90	410/1	
31.	Q.	What is the name for the structure in the abdomen that is multi- layered, hollow and "y" in shape, and suspended by the broad ligaments?		
	A.	Uterus		
	S.	YLM I226-1L, HIH 910-3	510/2	
Last Question of the Round				
32.	Q.	In horse racing, what is the term for finishing second in a race?		
	A.	Place		
	S.	DET 213	1040/2	