Contes	Contestant Number			Name	KEY	KEY		
Choos	se the best and	swer for each	of the followi	ng question	s. Fill in answer	s on scantron form.		
1.	What determin A. Amount of F		neep carcass is la e of carcass		n? <mark>spool joint</mark> D. deg	ree of muscling		
2.	What should th A. 120°F	ne internal temp B. 145°F	perature be after <mark>C. 160</mark>		nd meats to be cor D. 175°F	nsidered safe?		
3.	Approximately <mark>A. 2%</mark>	what percent o B. 7 %	f beef carcasses C. 10%	in the United D. 15%	States grade Prime	??		
4.	Which of these A. Vitamin A	is not a fat solu <mark>B. Vitamin B</mark>	uble vitamin? C. Vitamin D	D. Vitamin	К			
5.	Which of these A. Utility	is a quality grad B. Choice	de in sheep, but C. Prime		<mark>se are used in cattl</mark>	e and sheep		
6.	What do you ca <mark>A. Sarcomere</mark>	all the contracti B. Fat	le unit of a musc C. Acti		/lyofilament			
7.	What was established in 1906 to prevent the adulteration and misbranding of meat products? A. The Meat Production Document B. The Meat Act C. The Meat Inspection Agency D. The Meat Inspection Act							
8.	Ground Beef that has been refrigerated for 10 days is still considered safe. A. True <mark>B. False</mark>							
9.	What approach A. Humane Slau	•	at identifies poss <mark>B. HACCP</mark>	sible sources o C. USDA		n during processing? I Stockyards Act		
10.	The Boston but A. True	tt is located in tl <mark>B. False</mark>	he ham portion o	of a pork carca	ass?			
11.	11. Which food poultry or eggs A. <i>Trichinella</i> sµ	?	es illness because teria monocytoge		ntly cooked or rehe <mark>C. Salmonella</mark>	eated meat and usually invol D. <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	ves	
12.	A. Toward the o B. Toward the l <mark>C. Away from t</mark>	center of the ca loin <mark>he center of the</mark>	rcass		n what direction on	the carcass?		

\*\*\*Don't forget to use a #2 Pencil! \*\*\*

Contestant Number	Name	KEY	
<ul><li>13. Which of the following is not a safe way to</li><li>A. In the refrigerator B. In the microway</li></ul>		D. On the counter	
<ul> <li>14. What does HACCP stand for?</li> <li>A. Hazard Awareness for Animals and Conf</li> <li>B. Hereford, Angus, Charolais, Chianina, Pi</li> <li>C. Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points</li> <li>D. Harmful Article to Control Critical Points</li> </ul>	nzgauer		
15. Labeling is required on all meat products b A. FDA B. VDACS C. EPA	y the? <mark>D. FSIS</mark>		
<ol> <li>The spread of harmful bacteria from one su</li> <li>A. Cross contamination</li> <li>B. Surface</li> </ol>	urface to another is c contamination	alled? C. Bacteria handling D. None of	the above
17. What is a substance added to food to enha A. Substitute <mark>B. Food Additive</mark> C.	nce its flavor, appear Hydrolyzed Meat	ance, or to preserve it? D. Antioxidant	
<ul><li>18. Which type of packaging causes fresh mean</li><li>A. Overwrap</li><li>B. Modified Atmosphere Page</li></ul>		exposed to air? <mark>um Packaging</mark> D. Butcher Paper	
19. Which cooking method is classified as a dry A. Braising B. Stewing <mark>C. Roasting</mark>	· ·	2	
20. Which area on a steer is a growth promotin A. Neck B. Hip C. Tail Hea	• •	red?	
21. Hot dogs are not allowed to exceed what p A. 3% B. 10% C. 25%	percent fat by weighting D. 30%		
22. What is defined by the USDA as "the edible A. Skeletal muscle B. Ground meat	e muscle tissue of an a C. Bone-in-cuts	animal that is attached the bone?" D. Processed meats	
23. Which amino acid is considered essential ir A. Leucine <mark>B. Arginine</mark>	n children but not in a C. Methionine	dults? D. Lysine	
24. Which method of cooking is used for more <mark>A. Dry</mark> B. Moist	tender, higher qualit	y cuts and ground products?	
<ol> <li>When serving food, hot foods should be he</li> <li>A. 50°F, 150°F</li> <li>B. 130°F, 32°F</li> </ol>			_ or lower