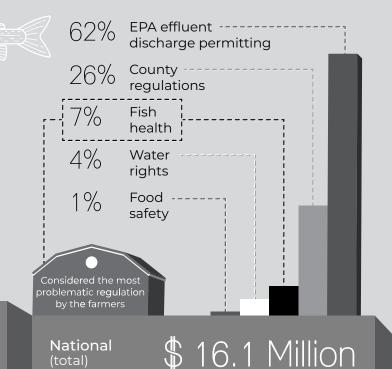
The Effects of Regulations on the U.S. Salmonid Industry

National Findings

Focused on the 17 top-producing states

Colorado · California · Idaho · Maine · Michigan Missouri · Nebraska · New York · North Carolina Ohio · Oregon · Pennsylvania · Utah · Virginia Washington · West Virginia · Wisconsin

REGULATORY COSTS PER YEAR:



Regulations substantially increased on-farm costs and constrained the industry's ability to meet market demand.

Direct costs

(testing, etc.)

Manpower

Farm-level

changes --

Permits /

licenses

On-farm (average)

2%

\$ 150,506

LOST REVENUE PER YEAR:

Thwarted expansion attempts

\$ 40.1 Million

Lost market sales

\$7.1 Million

Reduced production \$5.3 Million

AVERAGE REGULATORY COSTS (\$/Ib) BY FARM SIZE

> 500,000 lb

\$ 0.19

120,000 to 500,000 lb

\$ 0.74

20.000 to 119.999 lb

\$ 0.44

< 20,000 lb \$ 3.31

12%

Regulatory costs of total farm costs

\$140,218,834

2018 trout import trade deficit

\$1.23

Average regulatory costs per pound of production

28%

Lost revenue due to regulatory costs

Reforms to reduce regulatory costs:

- Reduce regulatory redundancy
- Reduce frequency of effluent testing*
- · Reduce frequency of fish health testing*
- · Adopt fish health testing standards
- · Adopt clear appeal procedures for farmers
- · Adopt risk-based approaches to environmental management

*For farms with history of good performance

For more information check the scientific article by Engle et al. (2019) J. World Aquacult. Soc.

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